A 3D visualization of particle tracks from a detector, likely the ATLAS or CMS experiment at the LHC. The tracks are shown as a dense, multi-colored web of lines extending from a central point towards the right, where they terminate in a series of vertical planes representing detector layers. The tracks are colored in a spectrum from purple and blue to yellow and green. The detector structure is rendered in a semi-transparent, light blue color, showing the complex geometry of the detector components.

Direct searches for New Physics at LHC(b)

Andrii Usachov

andrii.usachov@cern.ch



FEW WORDS ABOUT ME

- 2015 – Master in particle physics, Nuclear Physics dep., Kyiv U.
- 2016 – Master, NPAC, Paris-Saclay U.
- 2019 – PhD in particle physics, Paris-Saclay U.
study of quarkonium production at LHCb experiment
- 2019-2022 – Postdoc, Nikhef, Amsterdam
track reconstruction at LHCb, new physics searches
- From 2022 – VENI scholar, VU and Nikhef, Amsterdam
search for light dark matter at LHCb

HOW IT STARTED

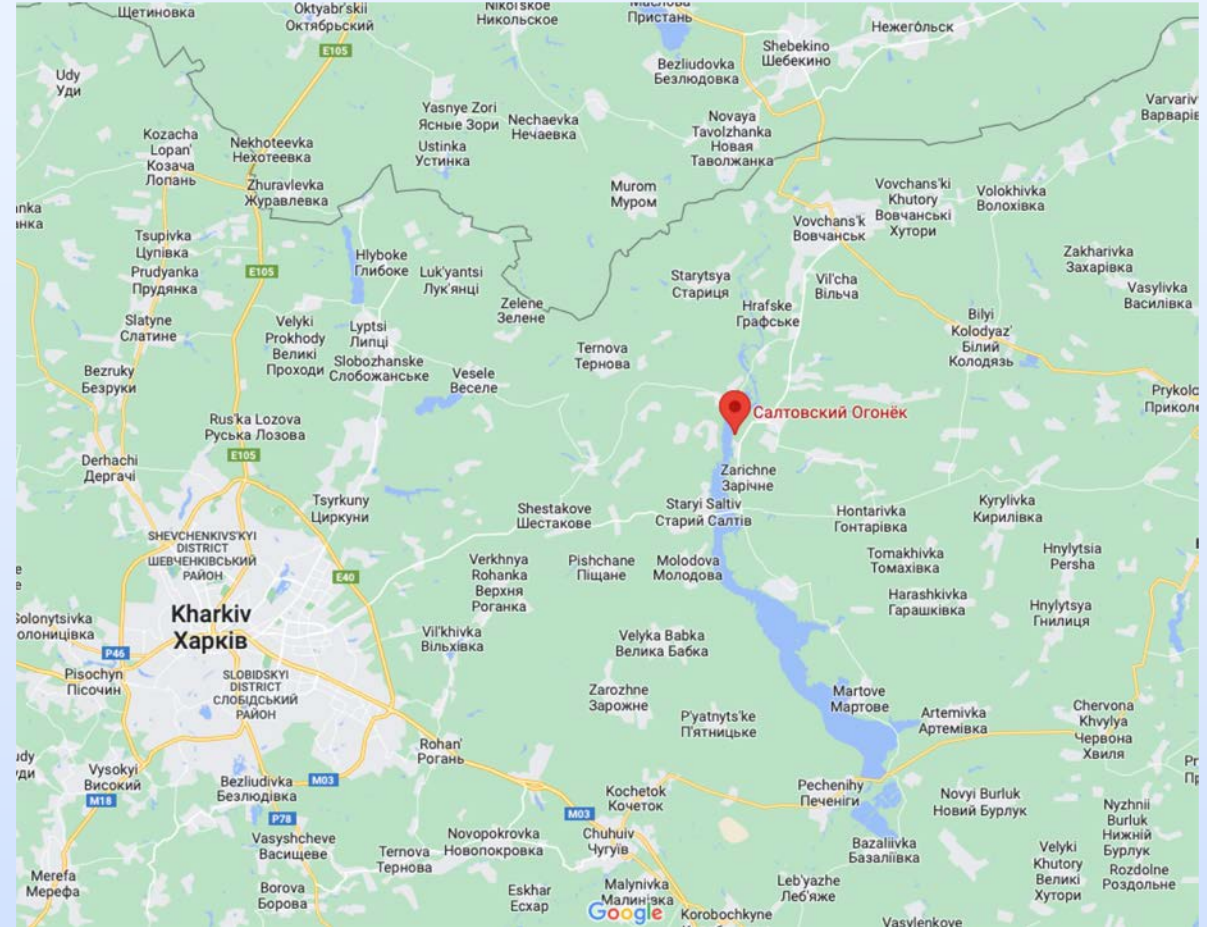


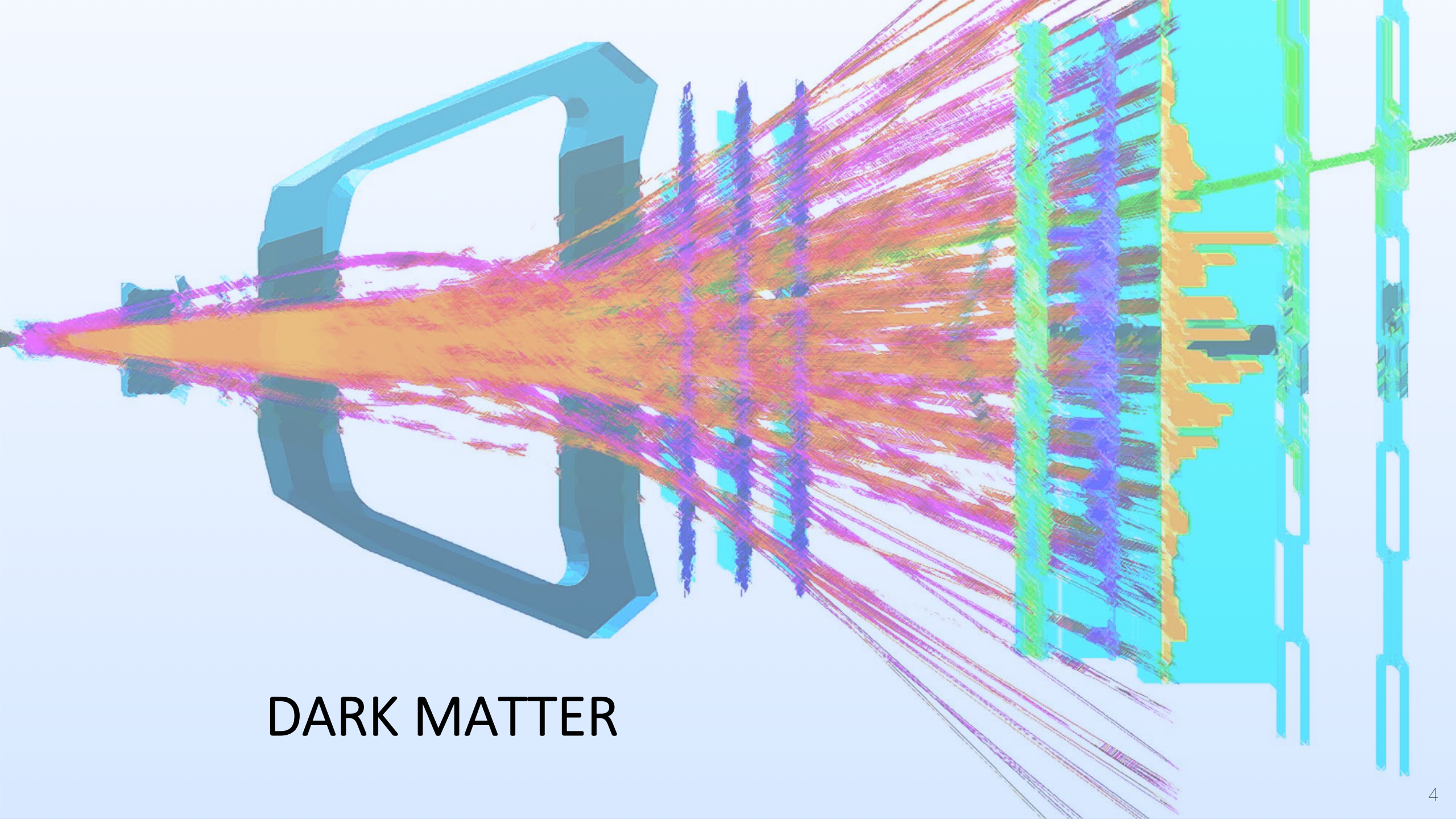
Trans-European School of High Energy Physics
Kharkov Region, Ukraine

July 9-16, 2013

Home Program & Org. Committee Program & Lectures Registration Poster Practical Information Restricted Access Contact TES-HEP

Buses for resort «Vognik» Proceedings group pictures Visit pictures

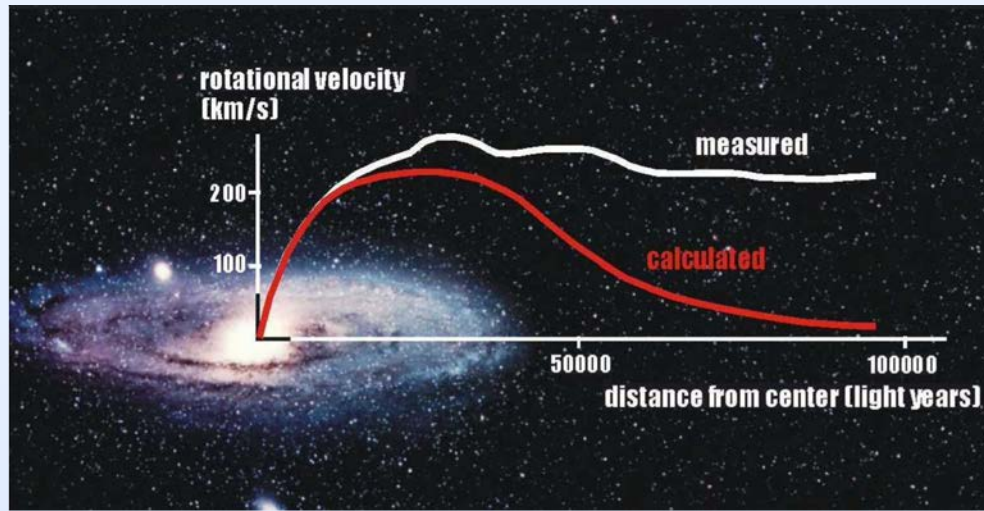




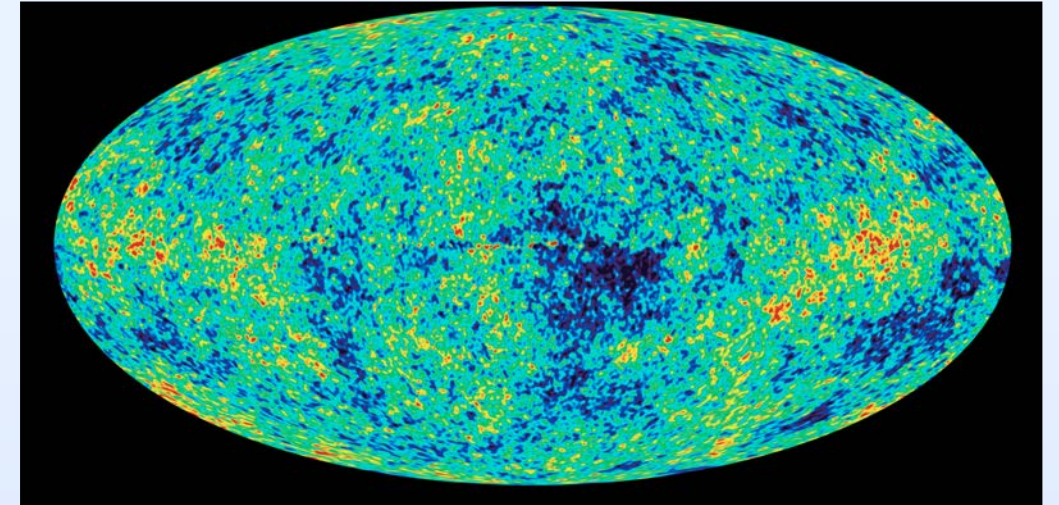
DARK MATTER

DARK MATTER: OBSERVATIONS

Galaxy rotation



Snapshot of early Universe: CMB



Galaxy clusters: high DM density

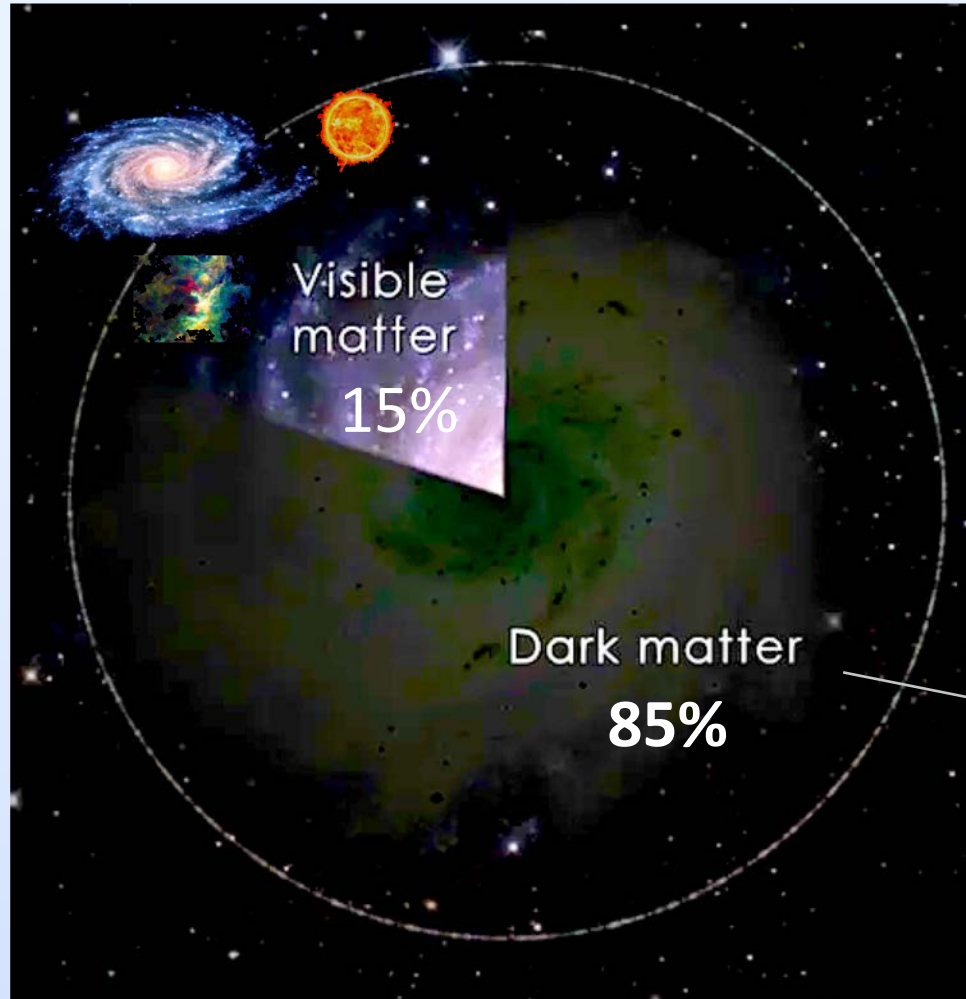


Dwarf galaxies formation



To be continued via gravitation waves studies

MATTER IN UNIVERSE AS FOR NOW

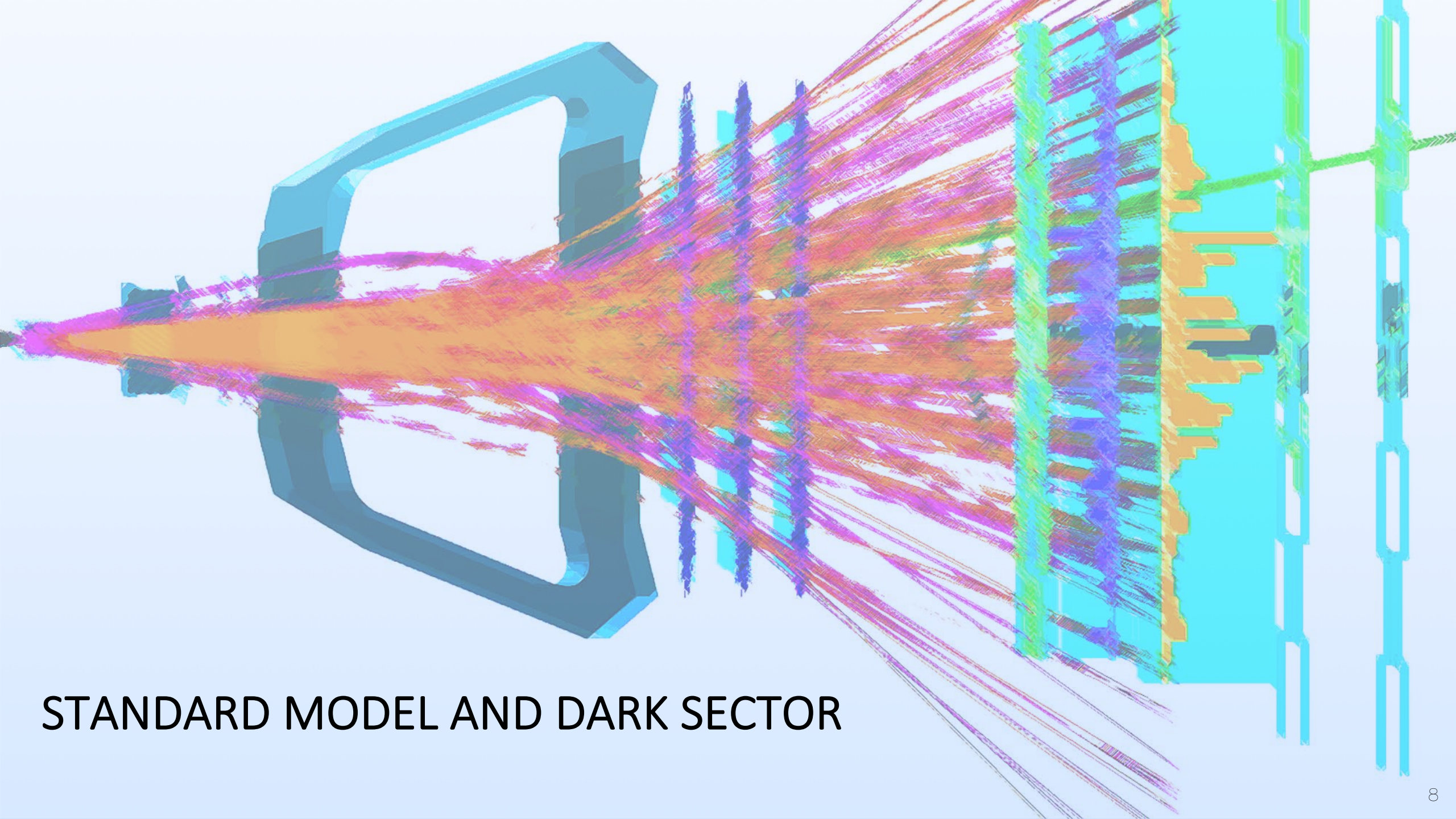


- abundant
- invisible, i.e. does not interact much
- cold
- what is it?
 - **most likely made of new type of subatomic particles**

CANDIDATES

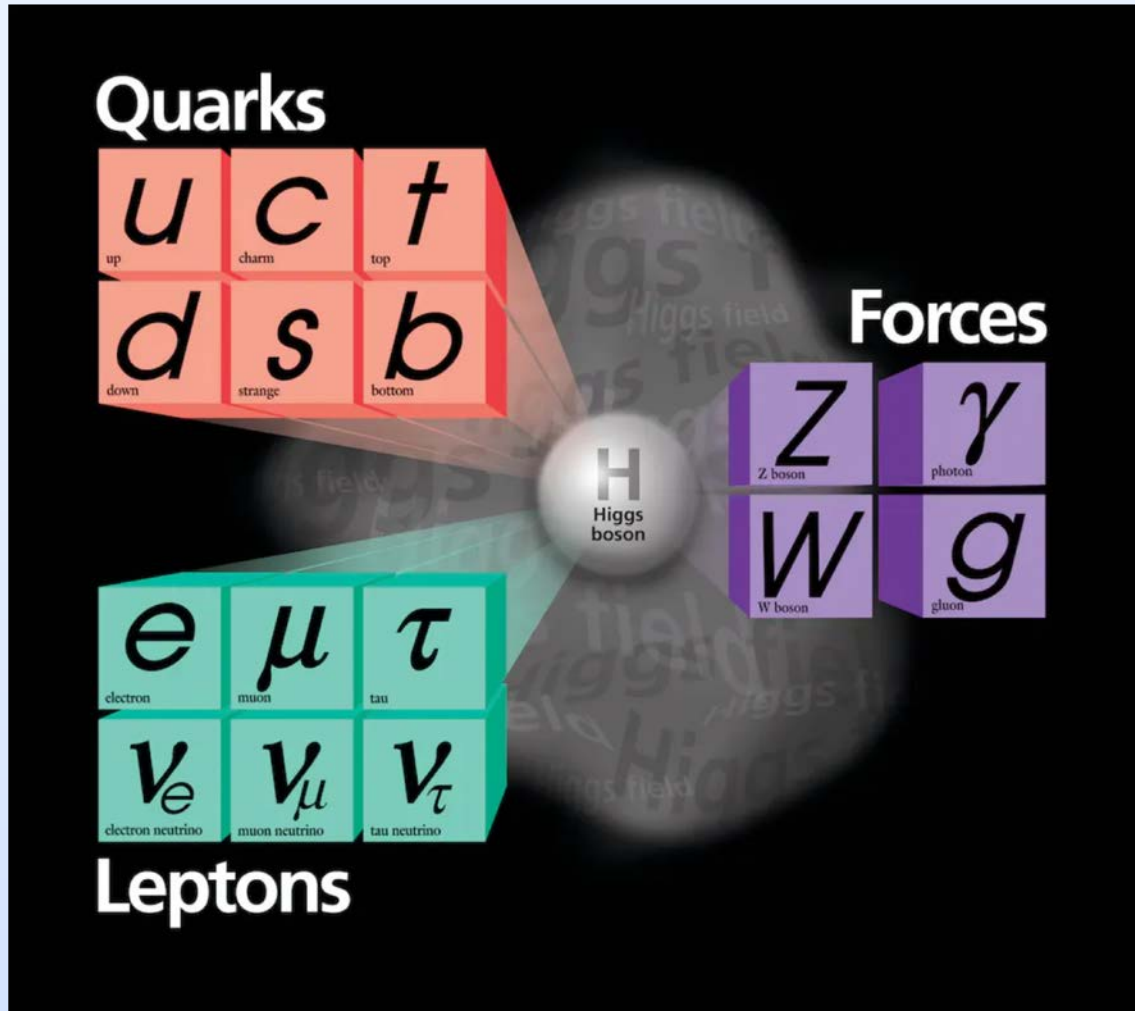


No shortage of ideas

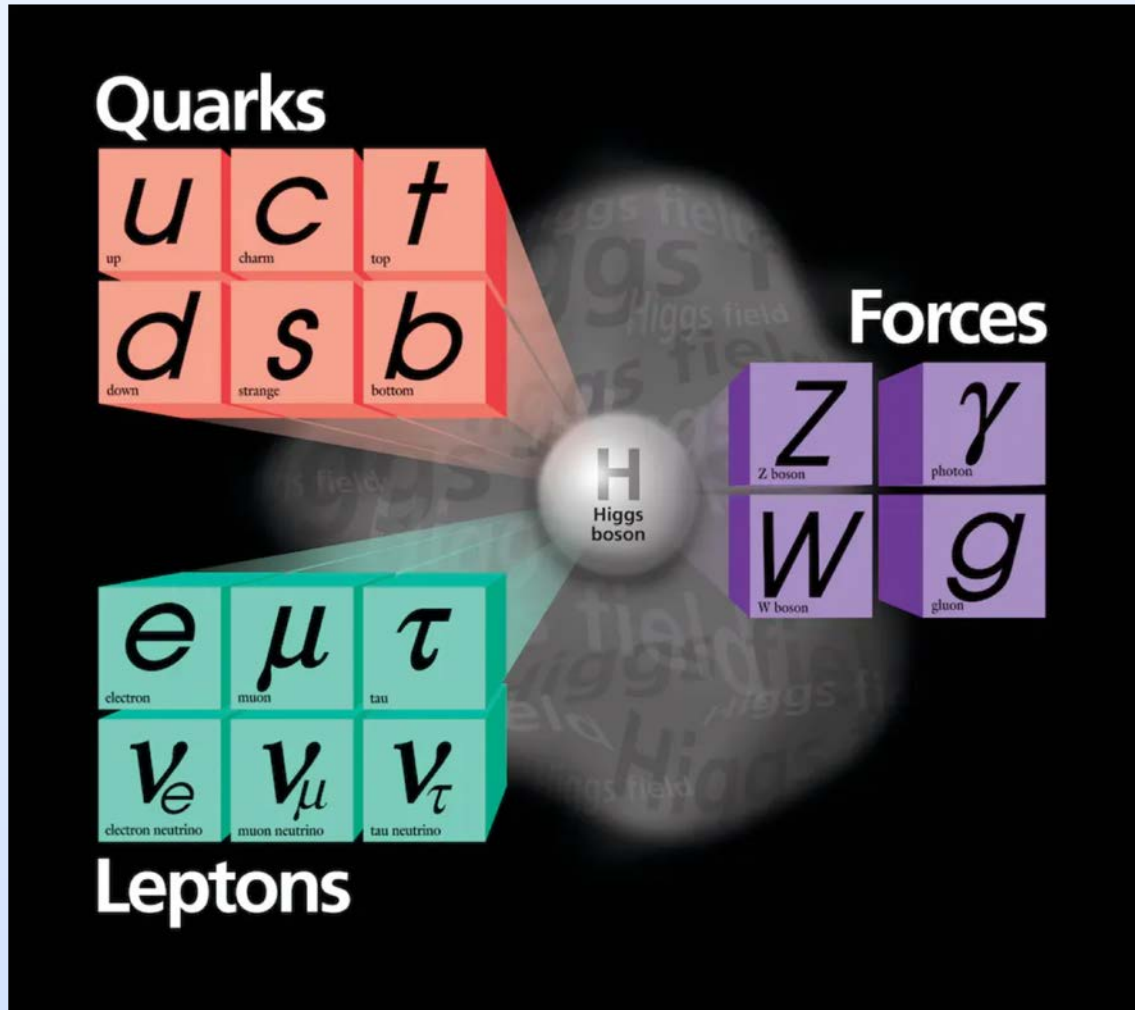


STANDARD MODEL AND DARK SECTOR

STANDARD MODEL OF ELEMENTARY PARTICLES



STANDARD MODEL OF ELEMENTARY PARTICLES



Big questions:

- Neutrino mass
- Baryogenesis
- Strong CP problem
- Hierarchy problem
- **Dark Matter**

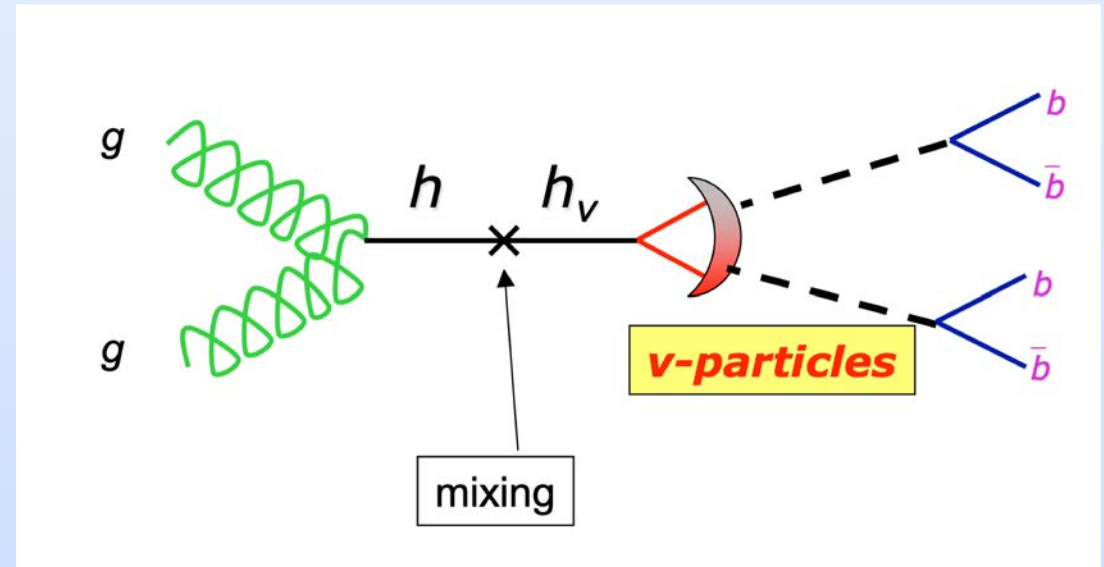
=> dark sector particles ?

DARK SECTOR

- New force and new carrier
- Possibly entire family of dark particles
- Very weak coupling to SM particles
- Accessible via portal (mediator) at large energies,

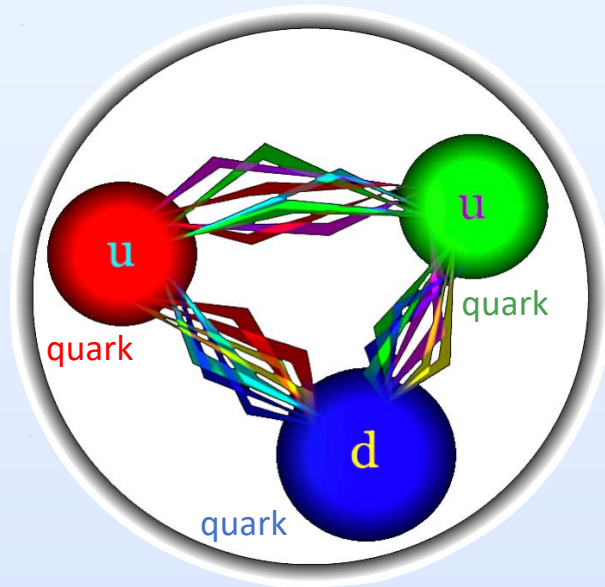
e.g:

- dark Higgs
- dark photon
- axion
- ...



EXAMPLE: DARK HADRONS

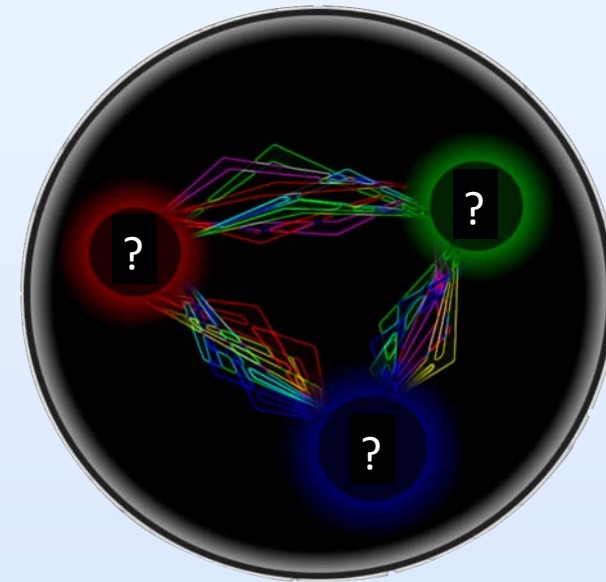
Ordinary matter



stable *hadron*: proton

other *hadrons* decay

Dark matter



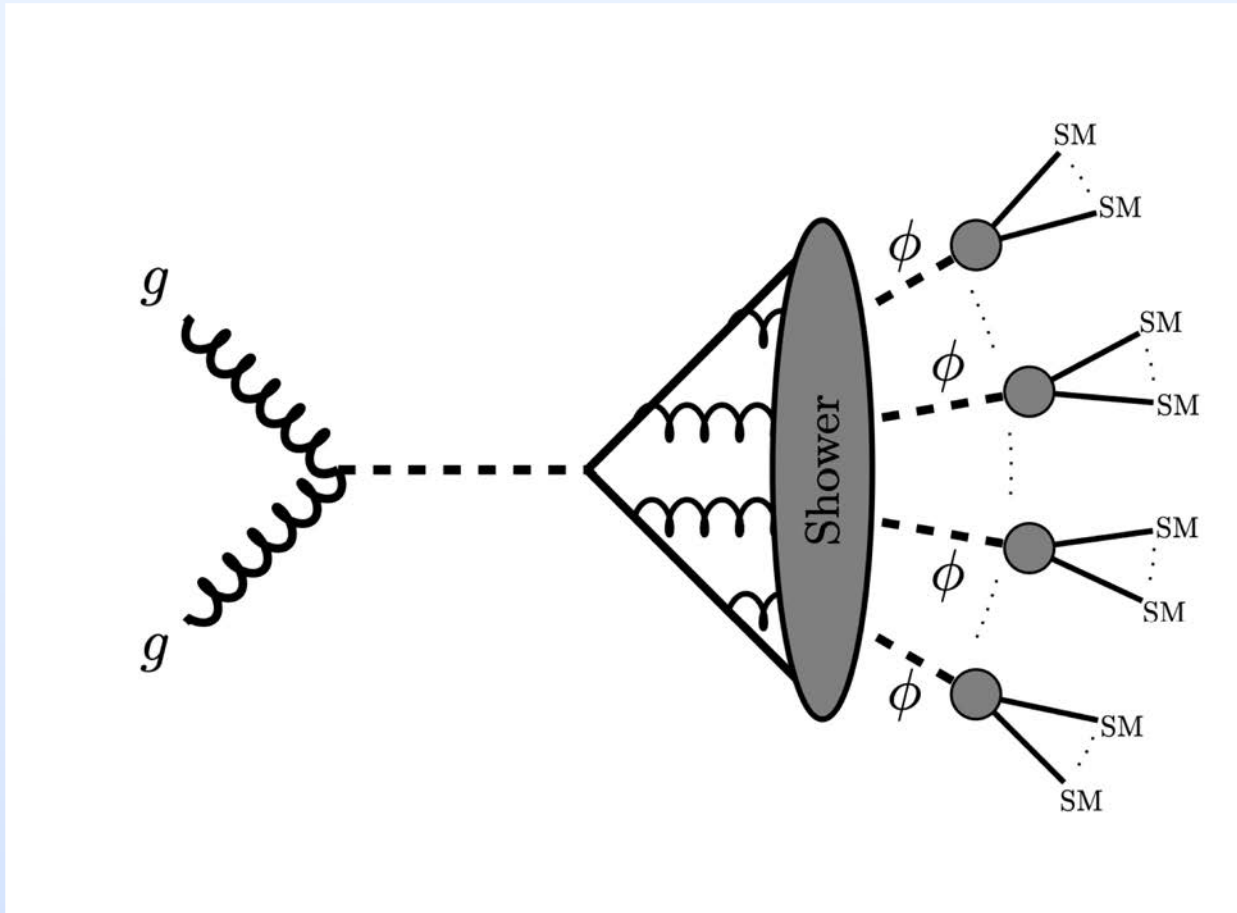
stable *dark hadron* ?

other *dark hadrons*

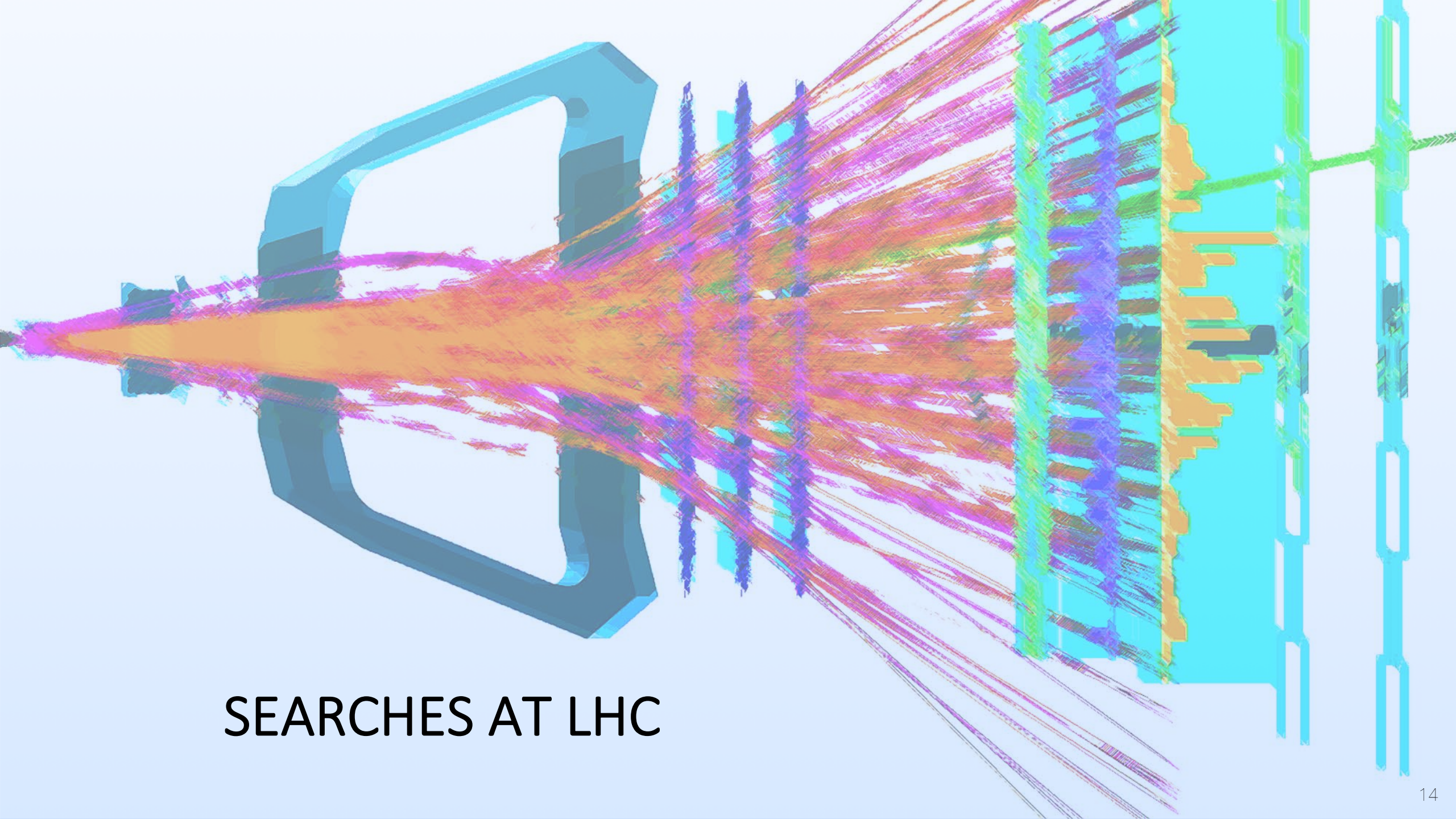
may decay to ordinary matter

→ detectable

EXAMPLE: DARK HADRONS

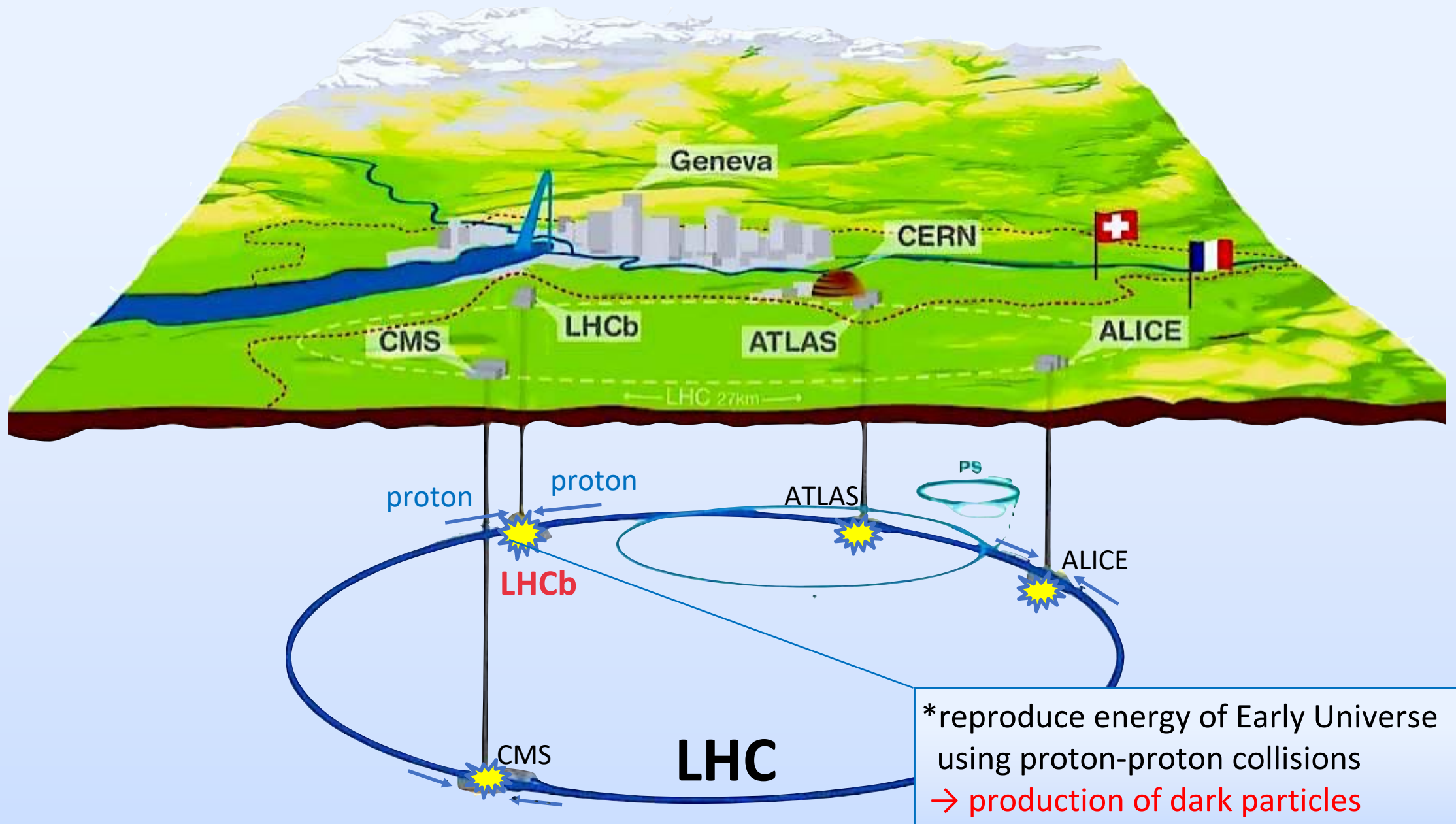


- QCD-like interaction
 - not necessarily $SU(3)$!
 - arbitrary number of flavours and colors
- Abundant production – good chance to detect
- Dark hadrons might be **long-lived**
- Higgs is a possible mediator

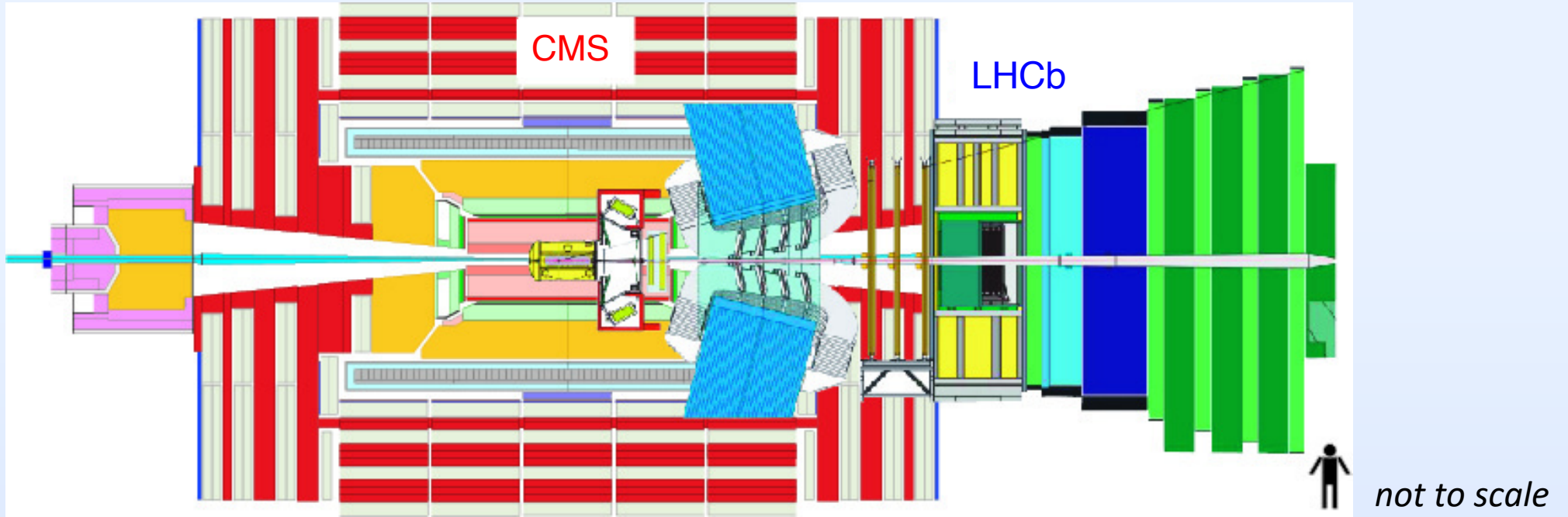


SEARCHES AT LHC

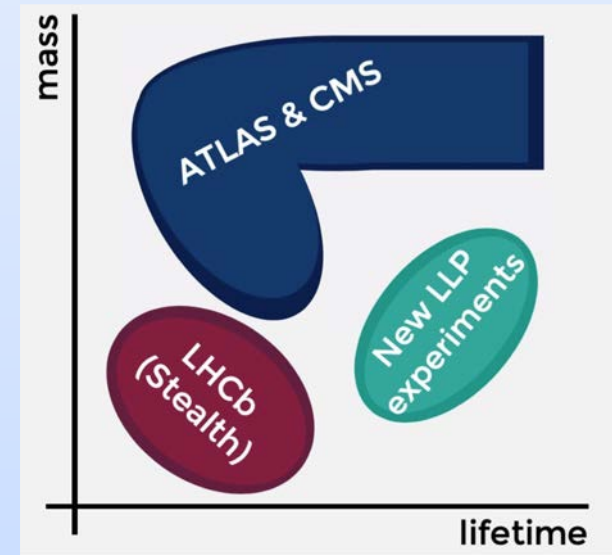
LARGE HADRON COLLIDER



WHAT DO EXPERIMENTS OFFER?

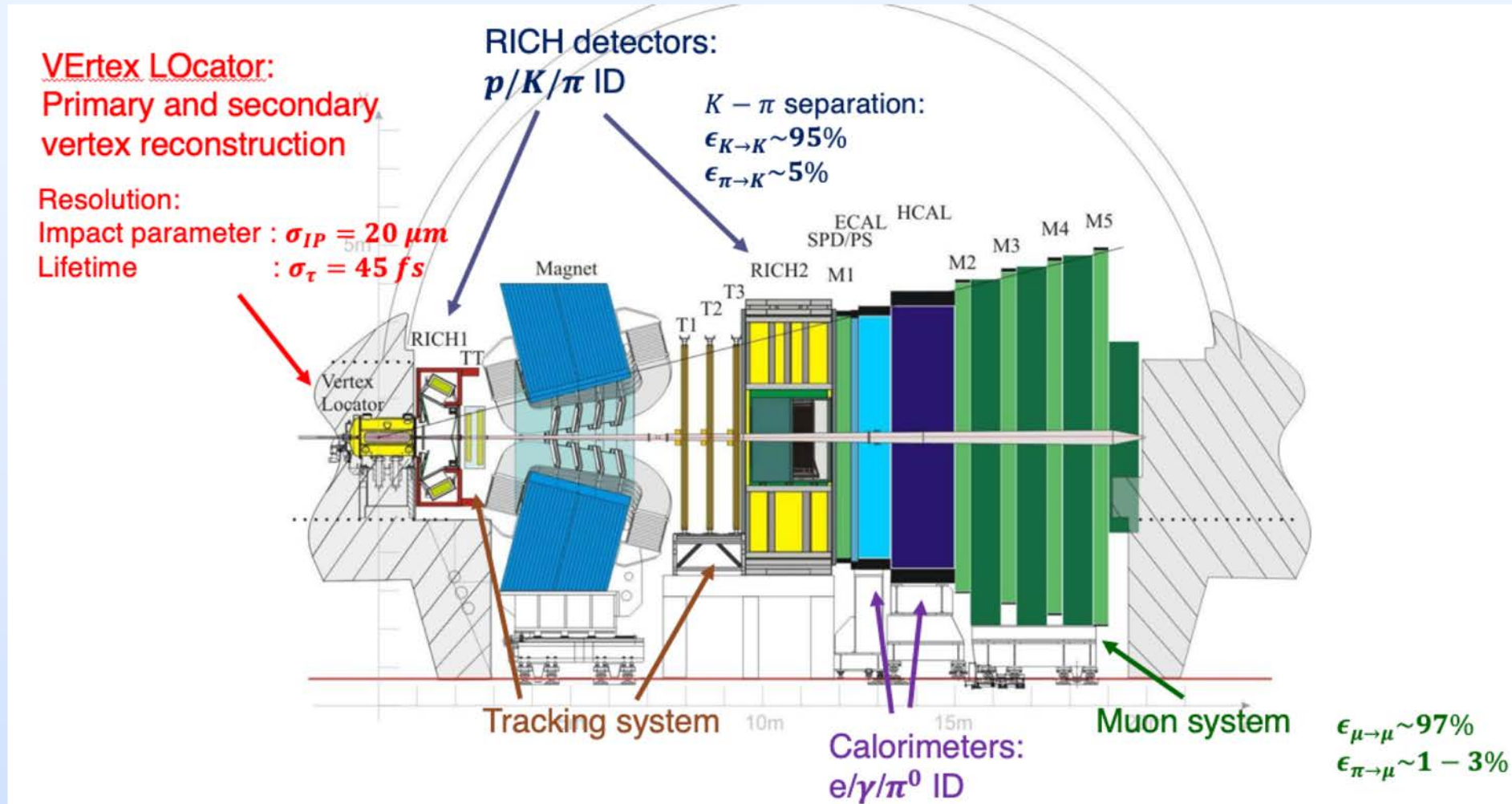


- High mass searches at ATLAS and CMS
 - e.g. searches for new bosons
- Access to lower masses at LHCb
 - also complementary coverage in p_t and η
- LHC as gamma-gamma collider using PbPb collisions at ALICE
- *New LLP experiments such as FASER, SND, Codex-b*

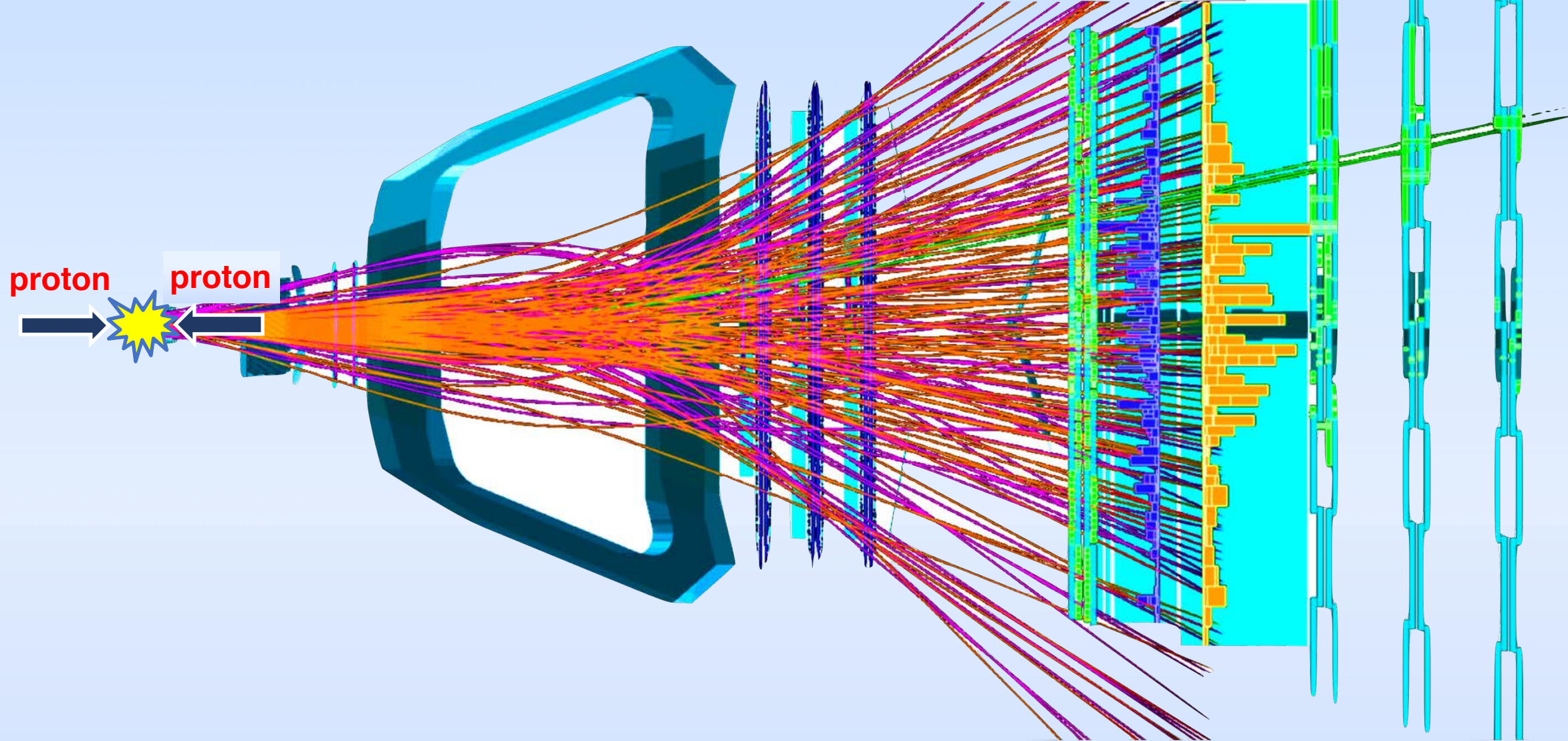


LHCB DETECTOR

- Single-arm spectrometer designed for beauty and charm physics in forward region

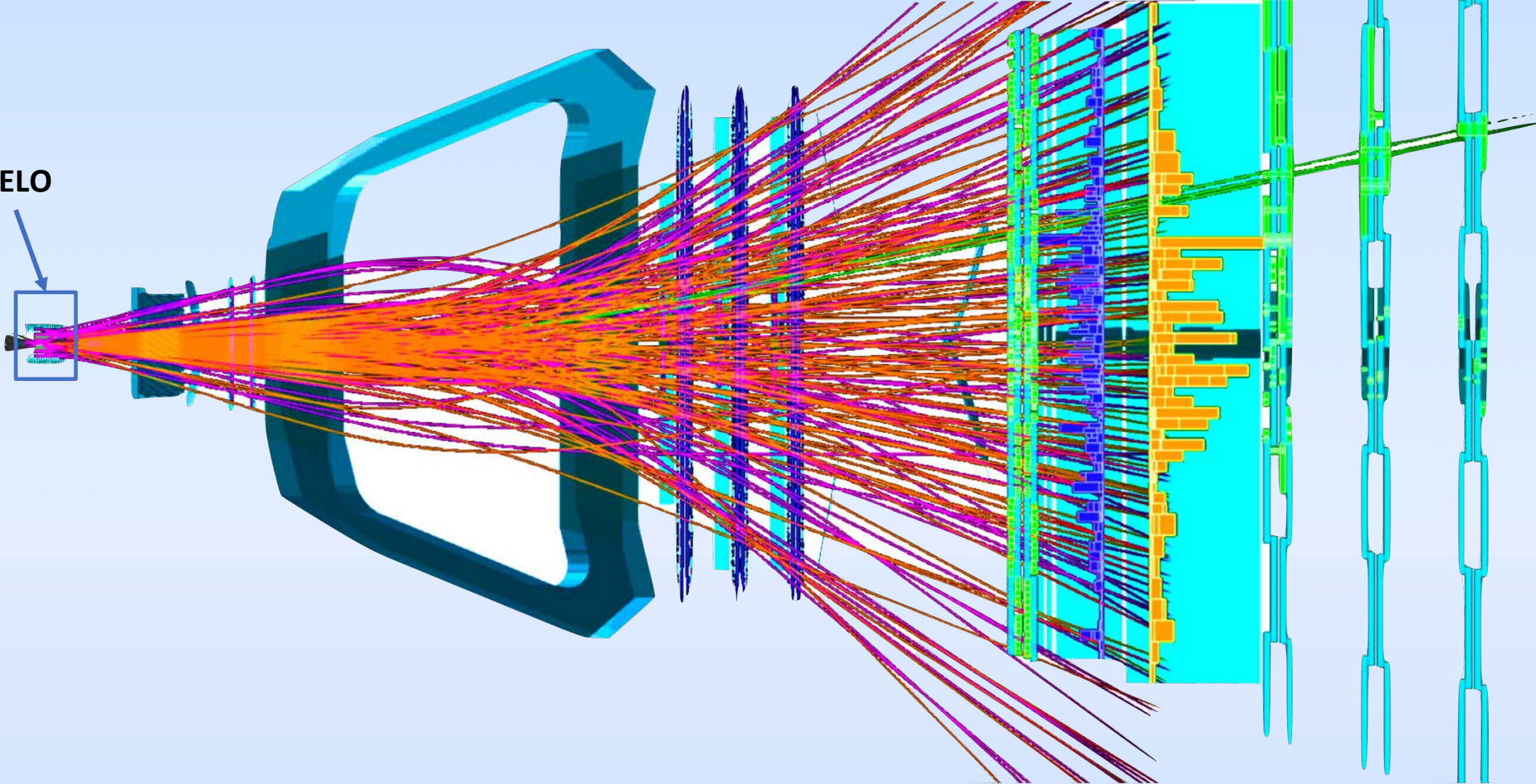


- Precise vertex reconstruction with VELO
- Powerful charged hadrons ID by RICH detectors



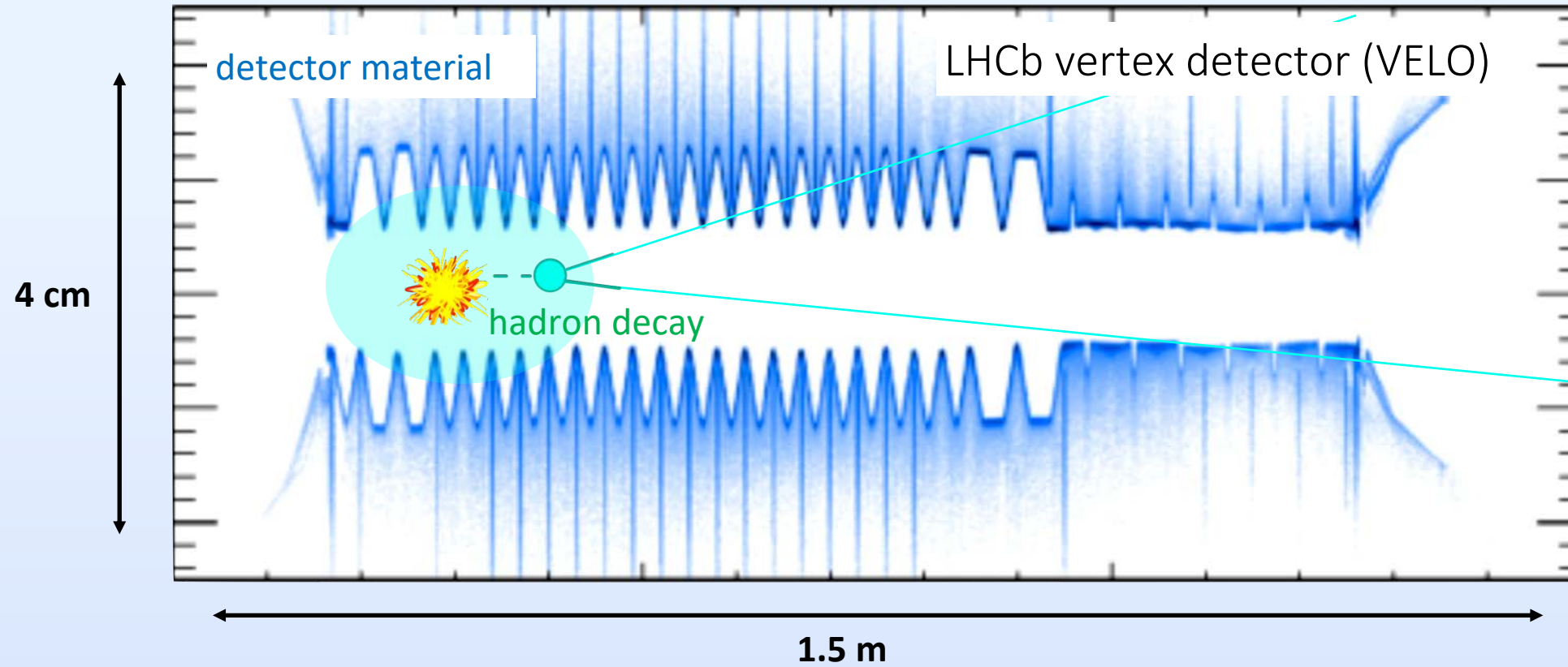
SEARCHES AT LHCB

VELO



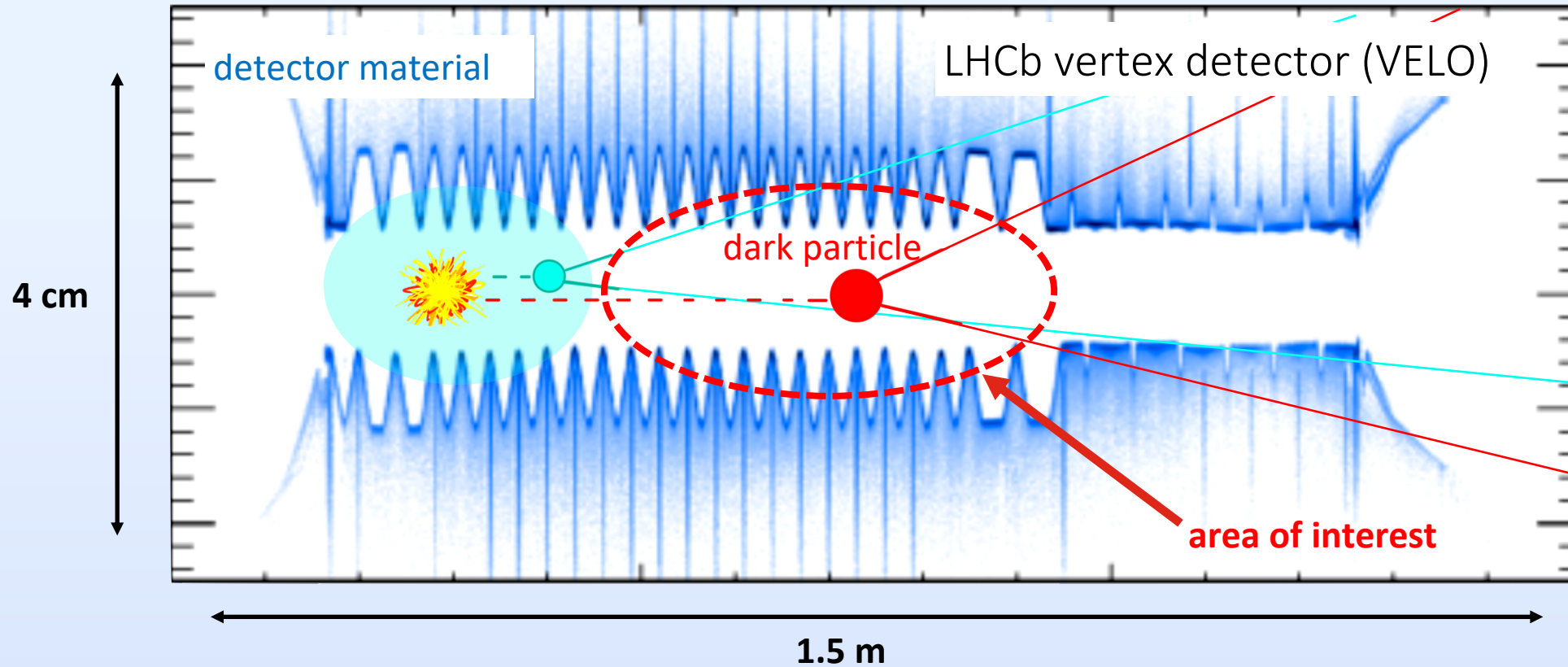
SEARCHES AT LHCb

SEARCH FOR DARK PARTICLES AT LHCb



- LHCb is the best in **hadron** studies: more than 50 discoveries

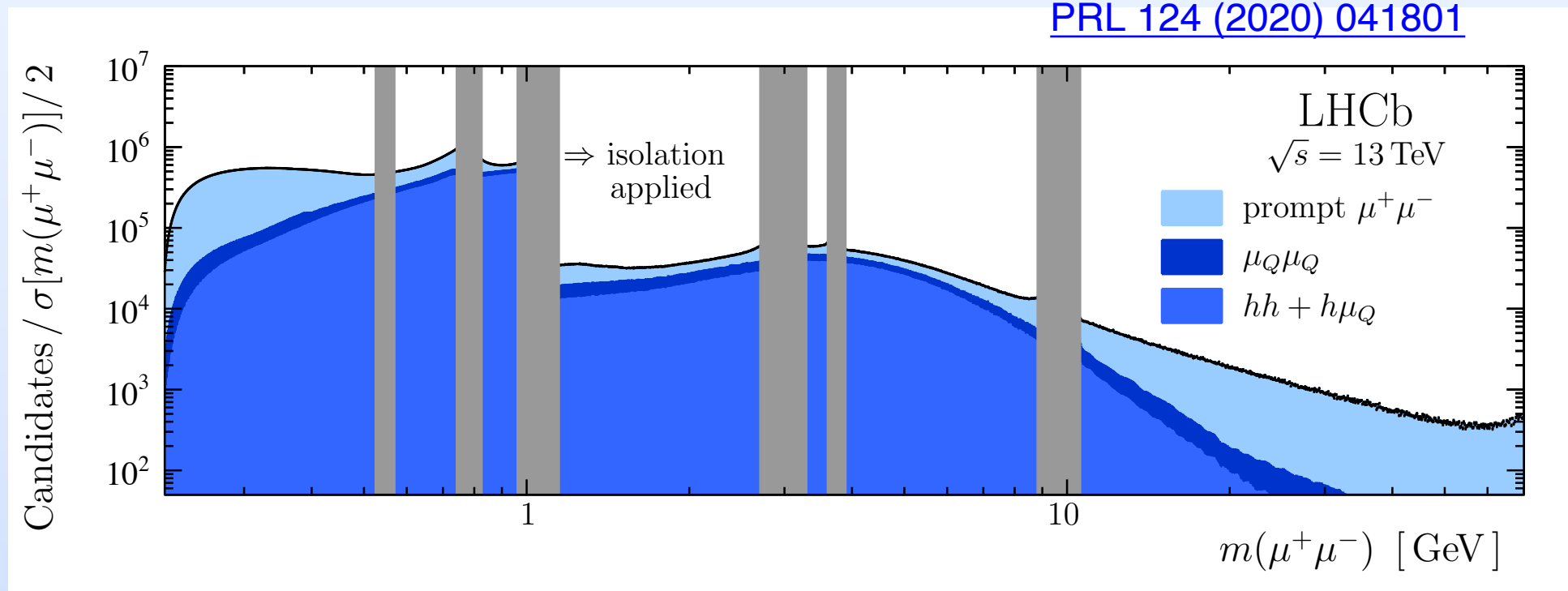
SEARCH FOR DARK PARTICLES AT LHCb



- **Dark particle:** just like a search for *hadron that flies long distance*

SEARCH FOR DARK PHOTONS

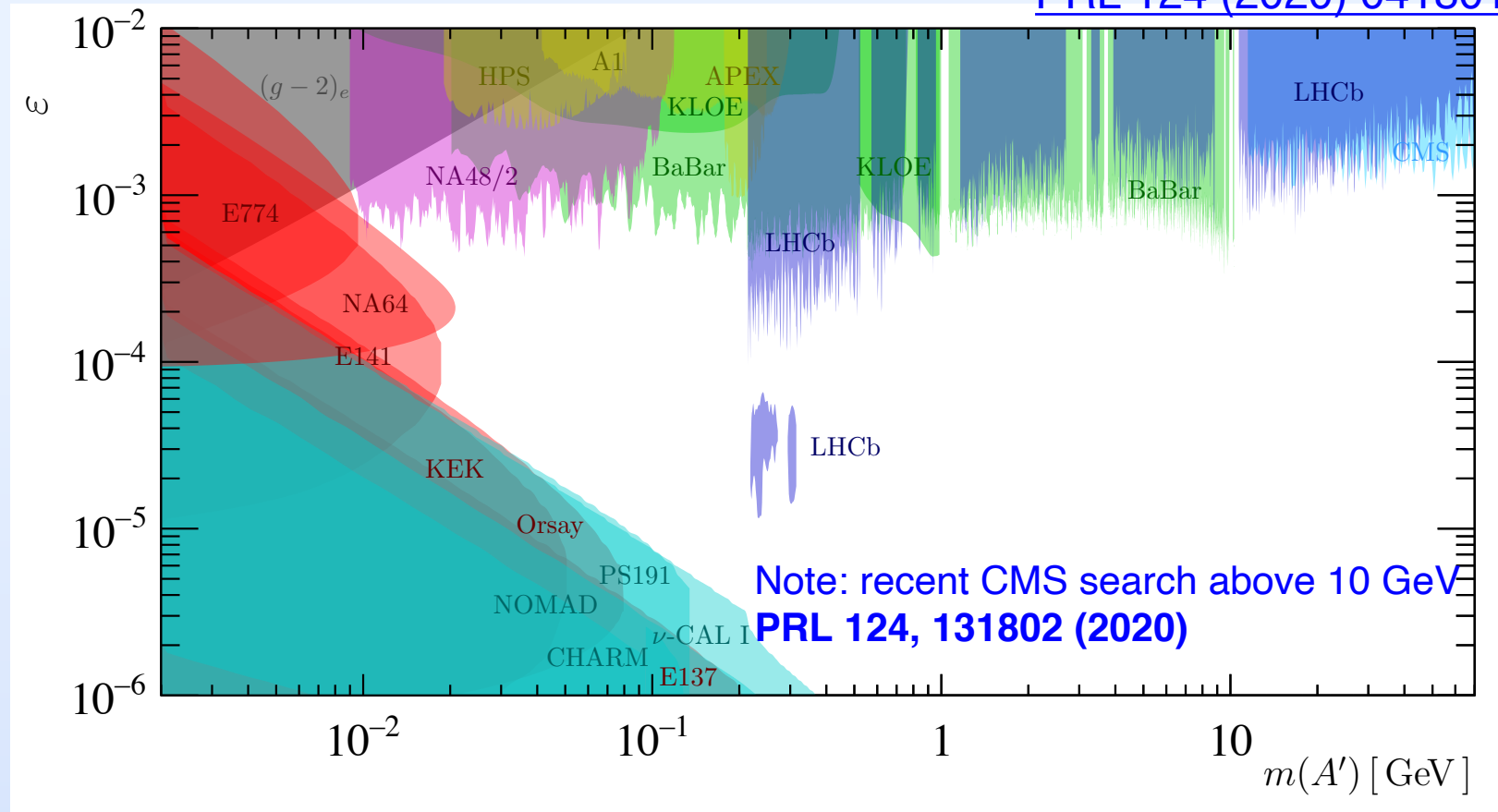
- Light dark photon can appear in a mixing with off-shell photon
 - large fraction in forward region, low p_T
- Normalized to off-shell photons
 - No need for efficiencies (for prompt search)



- Bump hunt analysis in ***di-muon spectrum***
- Regions of SM resonances removed
- Search for **both prompt and displaced** signatures

SEARCH FOR DARK PHOTONS

[PRL 124 \(2020\) 041801](#)

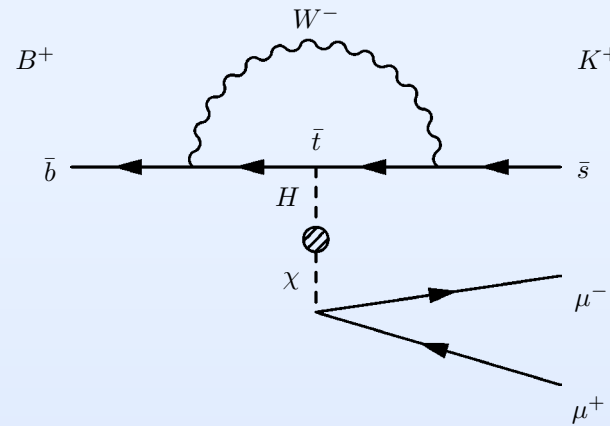


- World's best upper limits for inv. mass range of $\sim 200\text{-}700$ MeV (prompt)
- First displaced search not from beam-dump experiments
 - explored invariant mass range: $214\text{-}350$ MeV
- Can be extended with di-electron search at very low masses in $D^* \rightarrow D e e$ [PRD92 \(2015\) 115017](#)

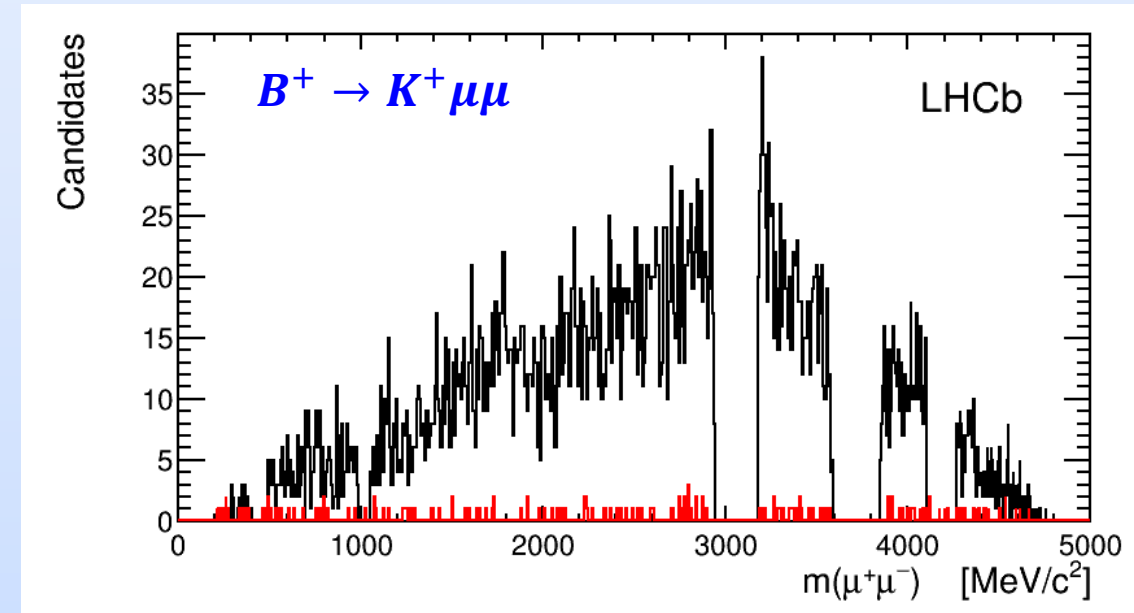
SEARCH FOR LIGHT BOSON IN $b \rightarrow s\mu\mu$ DECAYS

- Light boson can contribute to $b \rightarrow s\mu\mu$ penguin decays

[PRL 115 \(2015\)161802](#)
[PRD 95 \(2017\) 071101](#)



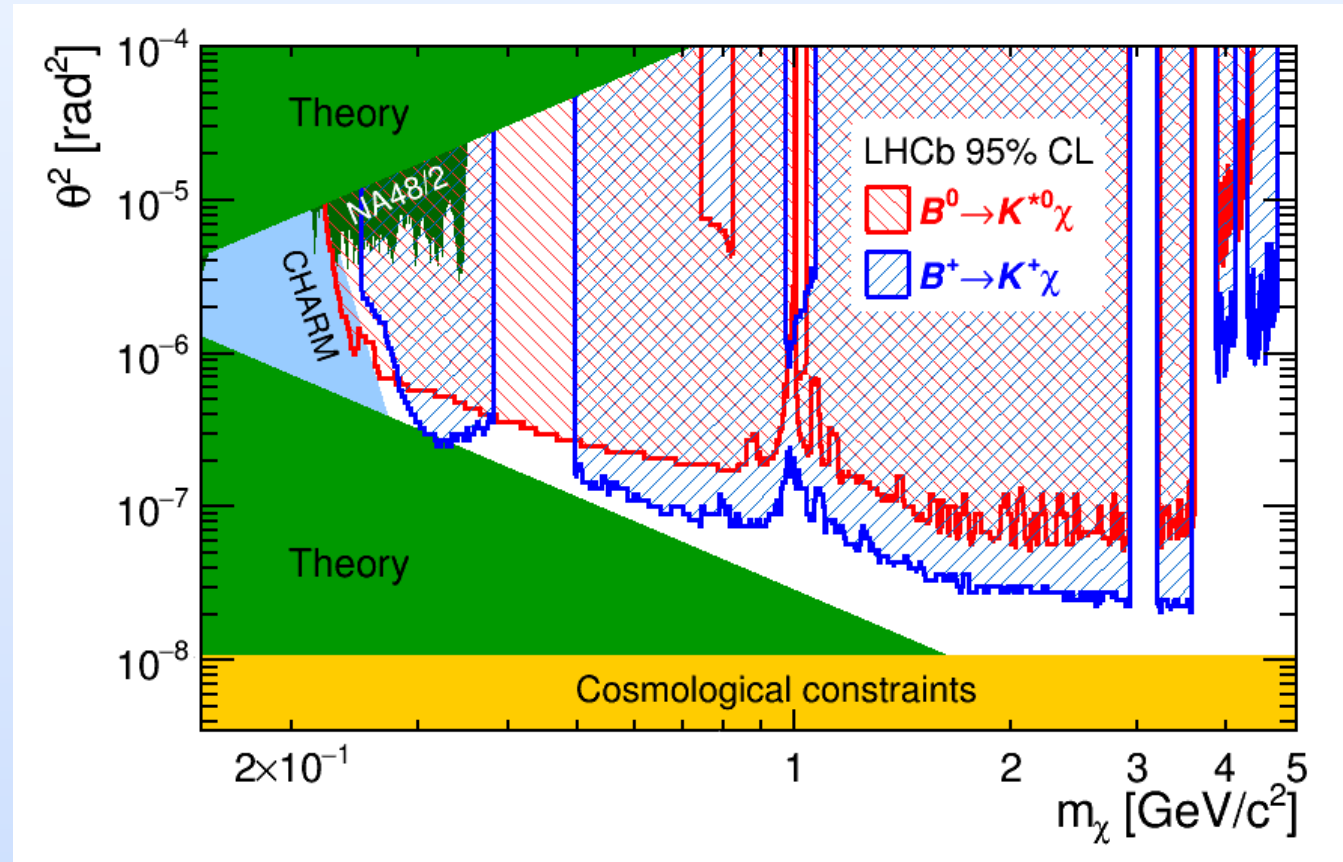
- LHCb has world's largest sample of $b \rightarrow s\mu\mu$ decays
- Study of di-muon spectrum



SEARCH FOR LIGHT BOSON IN $b \rightarrow s\mu\mu$ DECAYS

- Search for a narrow di-muon peak
- Displacement of muon pair is considered
- Upper limits on mixing with SM Higgs

[PRL 115 \(2015\)161802](#)
[PRD 95 \(2017\) 071101](#)



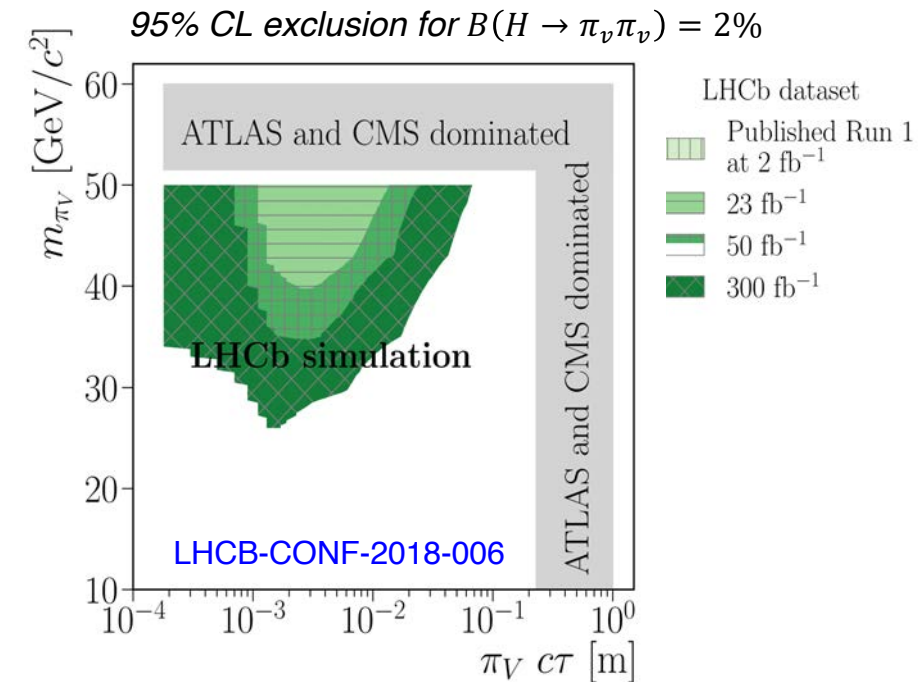
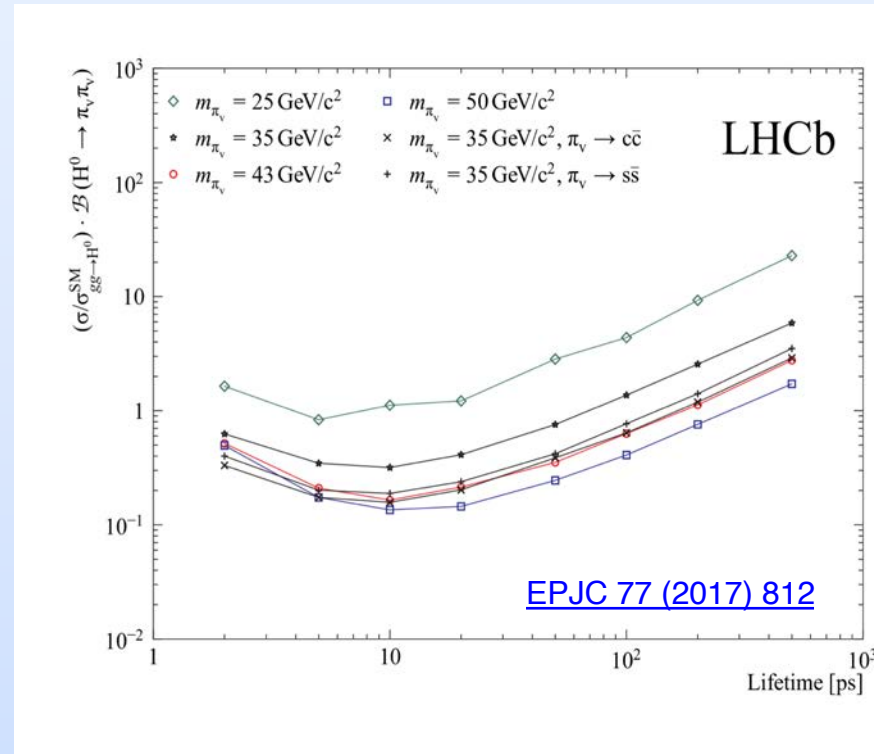
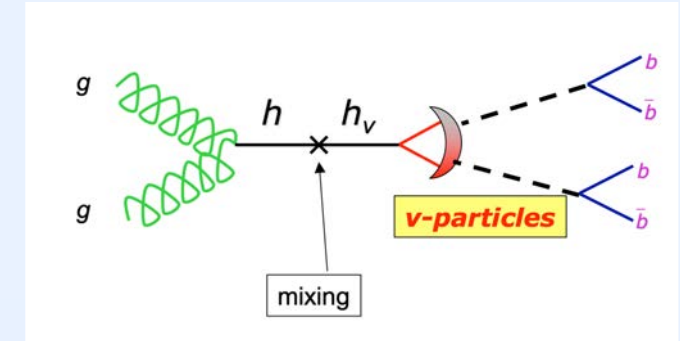
- **World's best upper limits below $2m_\tau$**

SEARCH FOR DARK HADRONS DECAYING TO JETS

Signature: single displaced vertex with two (b-) jets

Model: Hidden Valley dark hadrons through Higgs portal

- Invariant mass range explored: 25-50 GeV
- No excess found, upper limit for lifetimes range 2-500 ps
- Complementary limits to ATLAS and CMS

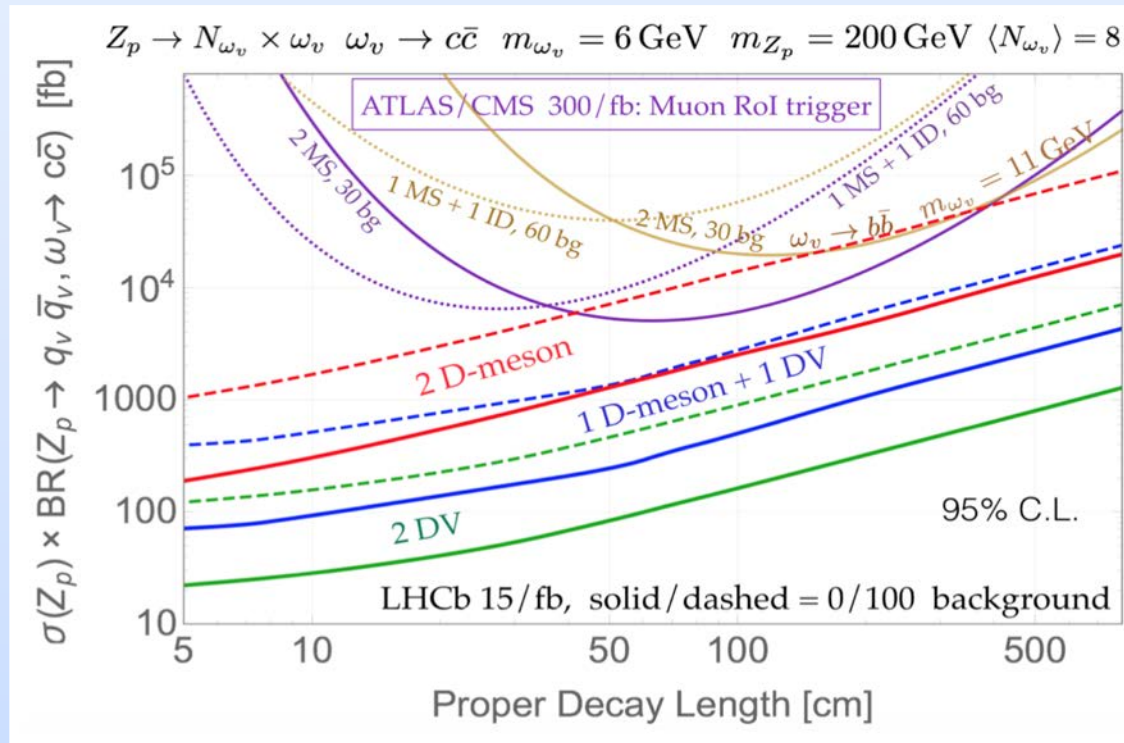


- Can be pushed to lower masses in Run 3 using jet substructure

LHCb-CONF-2018-006

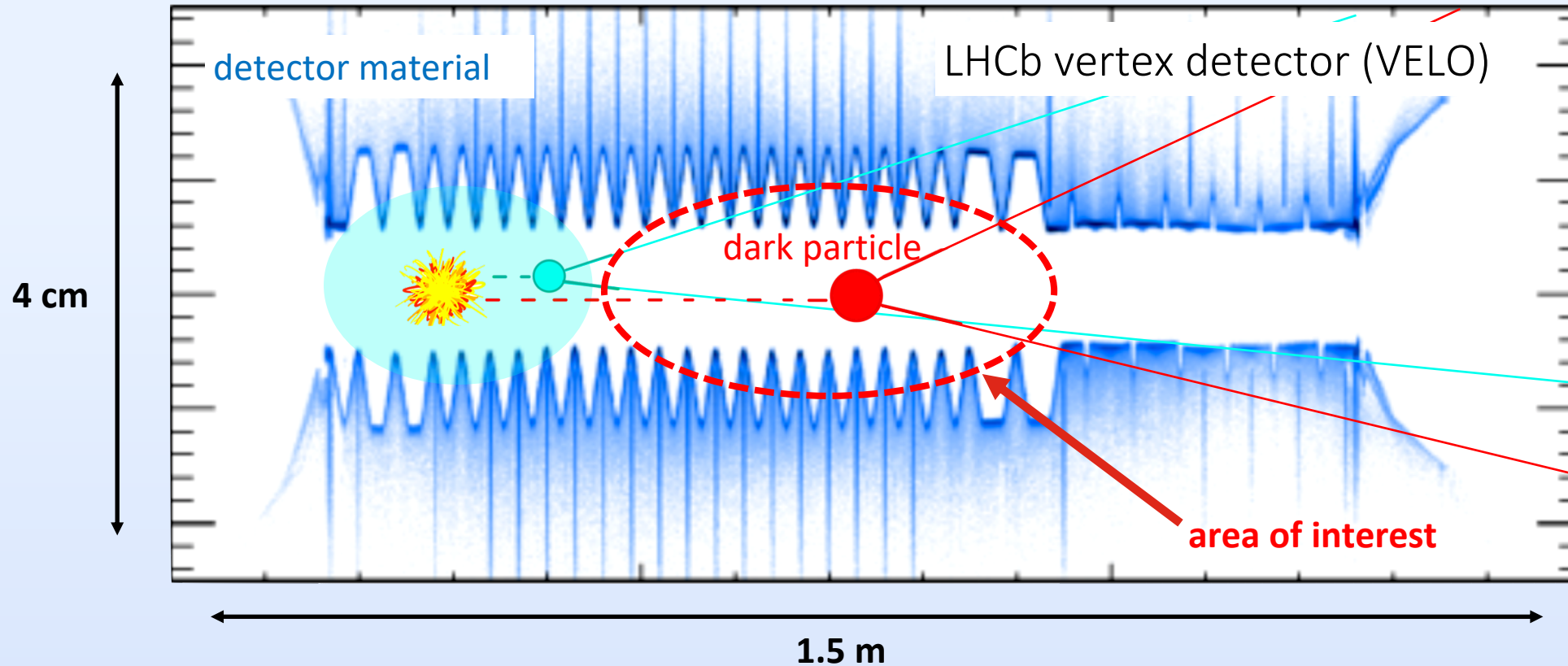
ONGOING: DARK HADRONS DECAYING LIGHT HADRONS

- Access to low masses $O(\text{GeV})$
- Trigger on displaced vertices
- LHCb: use charged hadron ID from RICH in trigger
- Complicated mixture of heavy flavor background
- Several searches suggested:
 - Model-independent search for $H \rightarrow SS, S \rightarrow K^+K^-$ projections: [JHEP 01 \(2020\) 115](#)
 - Dark hadrons via decays to D -mesons / displaced vertices projections: [PRD 97 \(2018\) 9, 095033](#)



credit: Y. Tsai

SEARCH FOR DARK PARTICLES AT LHCb



- **Dark particle:** just like a search for *hadron that flies long distance*

challenge: suppress noise from **ordinary hadrons**

→ room for novel machine learning techniques

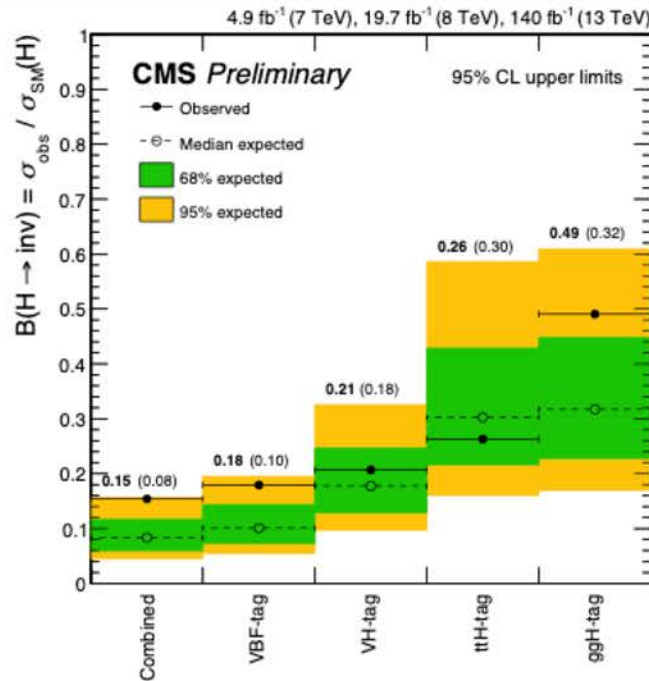
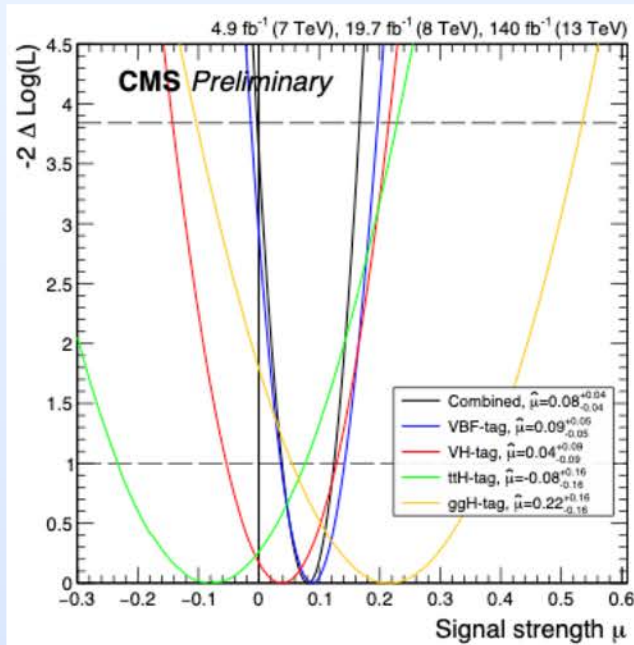
→ collaboration with theorists: simulation tool for LHCb

→ decay finding algorithm in area of interest – to be used in GPU trigger

RIGHT FROM THE OVEN: HIGGS CONSTRAINTS

CMS: HIG-21-007

- Upper limit on Higgs decays to invisible particles
- Very small BR expected in the Standard Model, $O(0.1\%)$



Channels grouped by production mode

- Measurement dominated by VBF
- Other channels improve VBF-standalone by about 20%

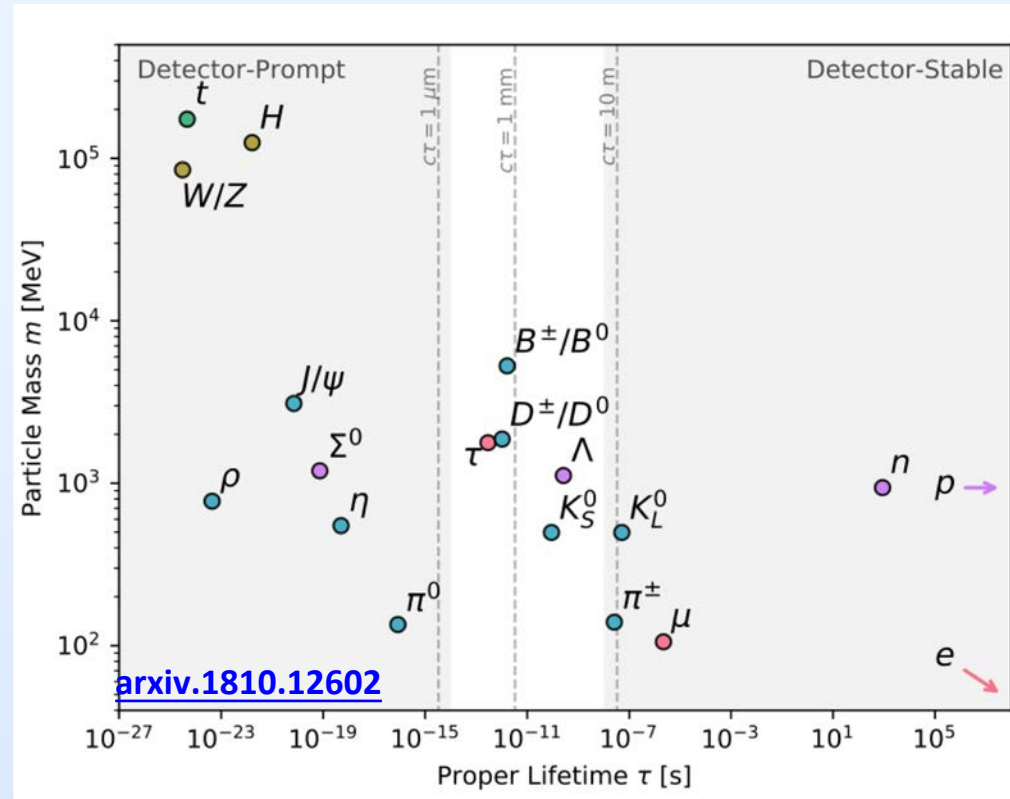
Analysis	95% C.L. upper limit observed (expected)
Combination	$\mathcal{B}(H \rightarrow \text{inv.}) < 15\% (8\%)$

Strongest expected exclusion limit to date from direct searches

INSTEAD OF CONSLUSIONS

- Dark Matter signatures can be discovered at LHC experiments if we are lucky :)
- Very rich program of New Physics searches at LHC
 - diverse signatures
 - mentioned only small part of it
- Much more searches suggested by theorists
- High mass searches carried by ATLAS and CMS
- LHCb extends the searches to lower mass regions
 - especially in the case hadron signatures
- Hopes to discover

LONG-LIVED PARTICLES



- Long-lived particle (LLP) – neutral or charged object decaying at *macroscopic* and *reconstructible* distance from IP
- Several LLPs in SM
- This talk: **focus on searches for BSM LLPs with an LHCb bias**
 - diverse signatures
 - challenge for trigger and reconstruction

SEARCHES IN HEAVY ION COLLISIONS

- Use LHC as $\gamma\gamma$ collider
- All experiments can contribute
- Possible search for ALPs below 5 GeV – ALICE, LHCb
- Direct low- P_T photons or $\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-$ conversions [PRD 99 093013](#)
- Background from $\pi^0\pi^0$ and SM mesons

